

Web Programming Step by Step

Lecture 5

Floating and Positioning

Reading: 4.3 - 4.5

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4.3: Floating Elements

- 4.1: Styling Page Sections
- 4.2: Introduction to Layout
- **4.3: Floating Elements**
- 4.4: Sizing and Positioning

The CSS `float` property (reference) (4.3.1)

```
img.headericon {  
  float: right;   width: 130px;  
}
```

CSS

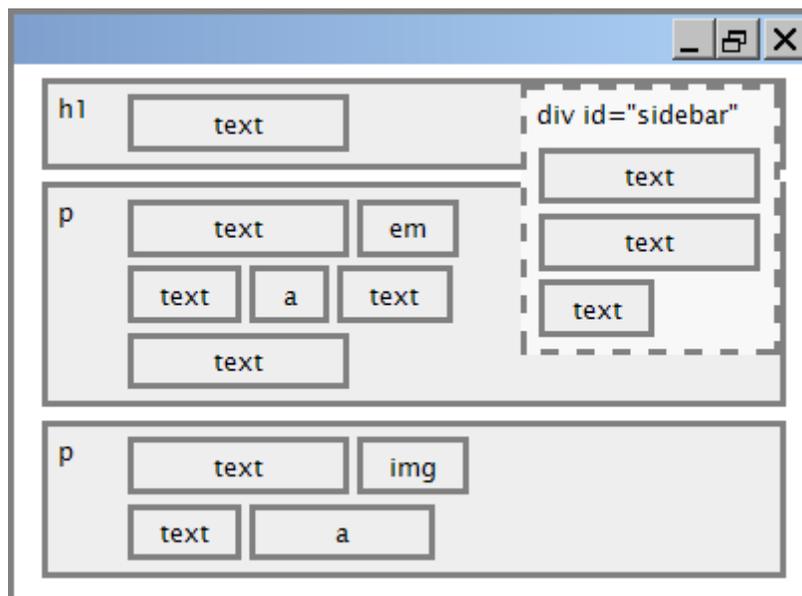
[Borat](#) Sagdiyev (born July 30, 1972) is a fictional Kazakhstani journalist played by British-Jewish comedian Sacha Baron Cohen. He is the main character portrayed in the controversial and successful film *Borat: Cultural Learnings of America for Make Benefit Glorious ...*



property	description
<code>float</code>	side to hover on; can be left, right, or none (default)

- removed from normal document flow; underlying text wraps around as necessary

Floating elements diagram



Common float bug: missing width

I am not floating, no width

I am floating right, no width

I am not floating, 45% width

I am floating right, 45% width

- often floating block elements must have a `width` property value
 - if no `width` is specified, the floating element may occupy 100% of the page width, so no content can wrap around it

The `clear` property (4.3.2)

```
p { background-color: fuchsia; }  
h2 { clear: right; background-color: yellow; }
```

CSS

Homestar Runner is a Flash animated Internet cartoon. It mixes surreal humour with references to 1980s and 1990s pop culture, notably video games, classic television and popular music.



My Homestar Runner Fan Site

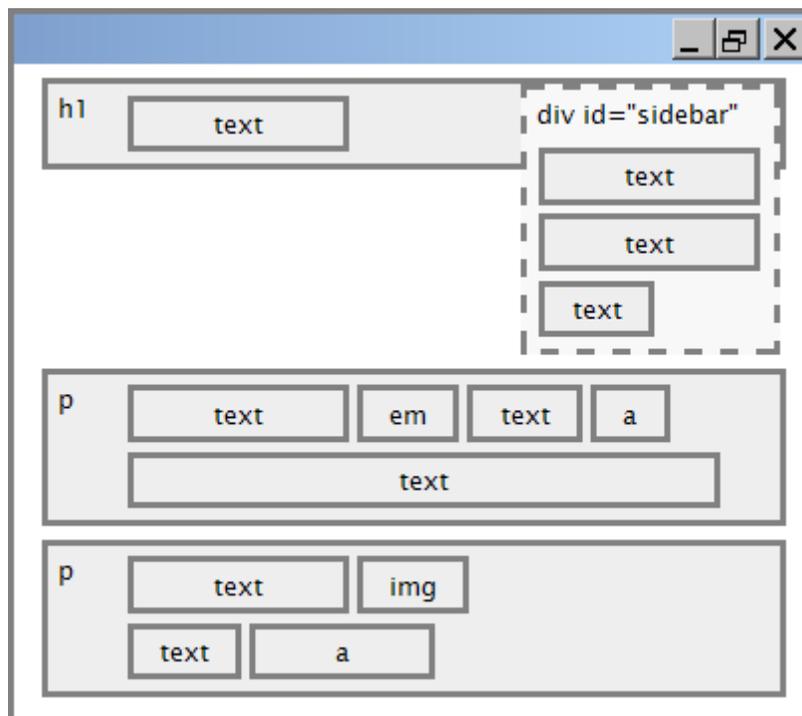
output

property	description
<code>clear</code>	disallows floating elements from overlapping this element; can be <code>left</code> , <code>right</code> , or <code>none</code> (default)

Clear diagram

```
div#sidebar { float: right; }  
p { clear: right; }
```

CSS



Common error: container too short (4.3.3)

```
<p>  
Homestar Runner is a Flash animated Internet cartoon.  
It mixes surreal humour with ....</p>
```

HTML

```
p { border: 2px dashed black; }  
img { float: right; }
```

CSS

Homestar Runner is a Flash animated Internet cartoon. It mixes surreal humour with
.....



- We want the p containing the image to extend downward so that its border encloses the entire image

The **overflow** property (4.3.3)

```
p { border: 2px dashed black;  
  overflow: hidden; }
```

CSS

Homestar Runner is a Flash animated Internet cartoon. It mixes surreal humour with



output

property	description
overflow	specifies what to do if an element's content is too large; can be auto, visible, hidden, or scroll

Multi-column layouts (4.3.4)

```
<div>  
  <p>first paragraph</p>  
  <p>second paragraph</p>  
  <p>third paragraph</p>  
  Some other text that is important  
</div>
```

HTML

```
p { float: right; width: 20%; margin: 0.5em;  
  border: 2px solid black; }  
div { border: 3px dotted green; overflow: hidden; }
```

CSS

Some other text that is important

third paragraph

second paragraph

first paragraph

output

4.4: Sizing and Positioning

- 4.1: Styling Page Sections
- 4.2: Introduction to Layout
- 4.3: Floating Elements
- **4.4: Sizing and Positioning**

The `position` property (examples) (4.4.2)

```
div#ad {  
  position: fixed;  
  right: 10%;  
  top: 45%;  
}
```

CSS

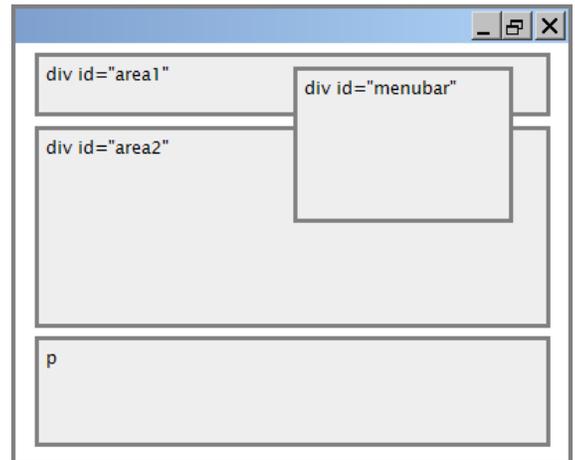
property	value	description
position	static	default position
	relative	offset from its normal static position
	absolute	a fixed position <i>within its containing element</i>
	fixed	a fixed position <i>within the browser window</i>
top, bottom, left, right	positions of box's corners	

Absolute positioning

```
#sidebar {  
  position: absolute;  
  left: 400px;  
  top: 50px;  
}
```

CSS

- removed from normal flow (like floating ones)
- positioned relative to the block element containing them (assuming that block also uses absolute or relative positioning)
- actual position determined by top, bottom, left, right values
- should often specify a width property as well

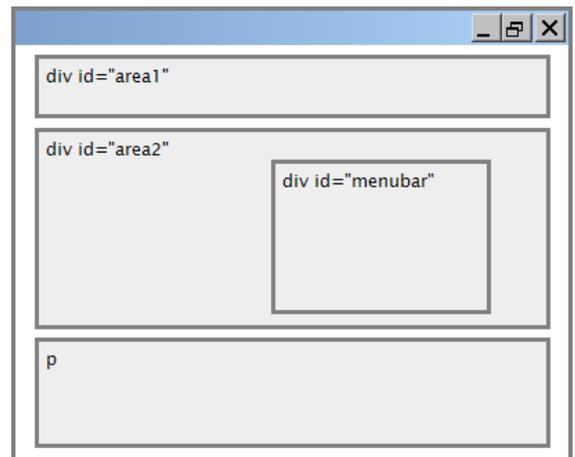


Relative positioning

```
#area2 { position: relative; }
```

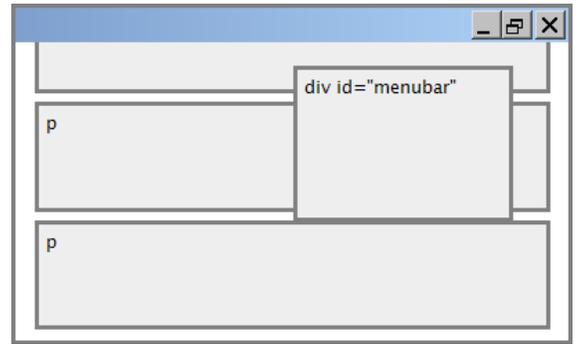
CSS

- absolute-positioned elements are normally positioned at an offset from the corner of the overall web page
- to instead cause the absolute element to position itself relative to some other element's corner, wrap the absolute element in an element whose position is relative



Fixed positioning

- removed from normal flow (like floating ones)
- positioned relative to the browser window
 - even when the user scrolls the window, element will remain in the same place



Alignment vs. float vs. position

1. if possible, lay out an element by *aligning* its content
 - horizontal alignment: `text-align`
 - set this on a block element; it aligns the content within it (not the block element itself)
 - vertical alignment: `vertical-align`
 - set this on an inline element, and it aligns it vertically within its containing element
2. if alignment won't work, try *floating* the element
3. if floating won't work, try *positioning* the element
 - absolute/fixed positioning are a last resort and should not be overused

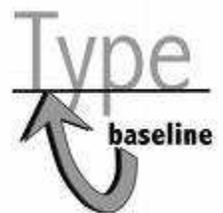
Details about inline boxes

- size properties (width, height, min-width, etc.) are ignored for inline boxes
- margin-top and margin-bottom are ignored, but margin-left and margin-right are not
- the containing block box's text-align property controls horizontal position of inline boxes within it
 - text-align does not align block boxes within the page
- each inline box's vertical-align property aligns it vertically within its block box

The vertical-align property

property	description
vertical-align	specifies where an inline element should be aligned vertically, with respect to other content on the same line within its block element's box

- can be top, middle, bottom, baseline (default), sub, super, text-top, text-bottom, or a length value or %
 - baseline means aligned with bottom of non-hanging letters



vertical-align example

```
<p style="background-color: yellow;">  
<span style="vertical-align: top; border: 1px solid red;">  
Don't be sad! Turn that frown  
 upside down!  
  
Smiling burns calories, you k  
  
Anyway, look at this cute pup  
and have a nice day. The End  
</span></p>
```

HTML

Don't be sad! Turn that frown



upside down!



Smiling burns calories, you

know.
day. The End.



Anyway, look at this cute puppy; isn't he adorable! So cheer up, and have a nice

output

Common bug: space under image

```
<p style="background-color: red; padding: 0px; margin: 0px">  
  
</p>
```

HTML



- red space under the image, despite padding and margin of 0
- this is because the image is vertically aligned to the baseline of the paragraph (not the same as the bottom)
- setting vertical-align to bottom fixes the problem (so does setting line-height to 0px)